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FIGHTING *for a FAIR SHOT* **for FAMILIES, KIDS and SENIORS**

Medicaid is a Source of Care, Jobs and Economic Activity in Venango County

Republicans in the U.S. House of Representatives recently passed the American Health Care Act, which would slash Medicaid spending by \$834 billion over 10 years and radically restructure the program.⁵⁴¹ In the face of steep cuts, most states would dramatically roll-back program eligibility and the services offered. A cut of this magnitude could jeopardize the \$16.4 million in Medicaid reimbursements received by providers of long-term services and supports (LTSS) in Venango County for the care 626 adults over age 55 in Venango County receive in nursing homes or in their homes and communities.⁵⁴²

Seniors deserve to age with dignity.

Long-term services and supports (LTSS) help individuals age with dignity. These services are often expensive and can drain the savings of even the best-prepared family. In 2016, the median annual cost for a year of home health aide services was over \$46,000 and the median cost for a semi-private room at a nursing facility was \$82,000.⁵⁴³ Health insurance does not generally cover LTSS costs, Medicare coverage is limited, and private long-term care insurance is unaffordable for many Americans. Medicaid is the largest single payer of LTSS costs, and covers approximately half of LTSS costs nationwide.⁵⁴⁴ Over 123,000 Pennsylvanians age 55 and older received LTSS through Medicaid between July 2015 and June 2016.⁵⁴⁵ This resulted in over \$4.3 billion in reimbursements to providers across the state.

- ❖ **Nursing Homes:** Over 80,000 Pennsylvanians over age 55 and older, including 494 individuals in Venango County, received LTSS at a nursing home from July 2015 through June 2016. Venango County received \$13.2 million as a result of Medicaid spending for nursing home care during the same time period.⁵⁴⁶
- ❖ **Home & Community-Based Services:** Nearly 50,000 adults age 55 and older in the Commonwealth, including 170 in Venango County, received Medicaid home and community-based services from July 2015 through June 2016. In total, providers in the County received \$3.2 million in Medicaid reimbursements for that care. This funding helped older Pennsylvanians receive care and supports in their communities, and remain in their homes.⁵⁴⁷

Medicaid payments to providers support jobs and generate economic activity.

Medicaid is one of the largest payers for the services provided by workers in nursing and residential care facilities and home health and direct service providers – industries that support over 250,000 people in Pennsylvania during 2015.⁵⁴⁸ These services generate \$11.8 billion in economic activity in the Commonwealth.⁵⁴⁹ Cutting Medicaid spending, the majority payer for these services, is likely to hinder hiring and impact staffing for these providers and facilities, as well as economic activity in the state.

Medicaid must be protected from draconian cuts by Republicans so that:

- ❖ **Seniors can continue to receive the care necessary to age with dignity;**
- ❖ **Individuals providing long-term care services will not have to fear job loss; and**
- ❖ **Economic activity across the Commonwealth is not at risk.**

⁵⁴¹ Estimate provided by the Congressional Budget Office of H.R. 1628, the American Health Care Act of 2017. <https://www.cbo.gov/publication/52752>

⁵⁴² Data provided by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services.

⁵⁴³ Genworth Financial, "Cost of Care Survey 2016," available at <https://www.genworth.com/about-us/industry-expertise/cost-of-care.html> (last accessed March 2017).

⁵⁴⁴ The Kaiser Family Foundation estimated that in FY2013 Medicaid covered 51% of all LTSS costs. Note that this calculation excluded Medicare spending on post-acute care from its calculation of total LTSS spending. Erica Reaves and MaryBeth Musumeci, "Medicaid and Long-Term Services and Supports: A Primer," Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation (2015).

⁵⁴⁵ This number reflects unique Medicaid beneficiaries. Some individuals receive care through an extended stay facility and in their homes and communities.

⁵⁴⁶ Data provided by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services (May 2017) is for Nursing Homes only, not Intermediate Care Facilities.

⁵⁴⁷ Data provided by the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services (May 2017).

⁵⁴⁸ Bureau of Labor Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, available at <https://www.bls.gov/cew/home.htm> (last accessed March 2017).

⁵⁴⁹ Pennsylvania Health Care Association. <https://www.phca.org/for-consumers/research-data/long-term-and-post-acute-care-trends-and-statistics> (last accessed June 2017)