The Consequences of Medicaid Cuts on Children and Families Chairman Bob Casey, Senate Committee on Aging

Nearly 41.9 million children rely on Medicaid & CHIP

Cuts to Medicaid would hurt the health and financial security of children and families by restricting their health care access and coverage.



Blocking Access for Pregnant Women and Newborns

Nearly 1.5 million—or 41% of total births—nationwide per year are covered by Medicaid. Medicaid cuts would prevent mothers from obtaining the care they need.²



Harming Reproductive Health

Roughly 64% of adult women with Medicaid coverage are in their reproductive years (19 to 49). Cuts to Medicaid would hinder access to critical services to protect the health and safety of potential mothers.³



Cutting Primary Care for Children

Nearly 92% of eligible children nationwide are supported by Medicaid and/or CHIP. Cuts would disproportionately hurt children with the lowest incomes and the highest health care needs.⁴



Reducing Preventive Care Access

Medicaid covers a wide variety of preventive care services for kids, including hearing, vision, dental, and mental health screenings. Cuts to Medicaid risk access to these critical services.



Impacting Education Outcomes

Studies suggests that Medicaid eligibility during childhood lowers high school dropout rates, raises college enrollment, and increases four-year college attainment. Cuts to Medicaid imperil these educational benefits.⁶



Decreasing Access to School Mental Health Services

Nine out of 10 school-based health centers, most of which provide mental health services, are partially paid for with Medicaid funds.⁷



House Republicans' Proposed Cuts Threaten Care For Americans At Risk

The House Republicans' bill put over 21.2 million Americans at risk of losing Medicaid coverage and could lead to gaps in health care coverage and undermine family economic security.⁸



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