1	MEDICARE ADVANTAGE:
2	CHANGING NETWORKS AND EFFECTS ON CONSUMERS
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4	THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 2014
5	United States Senate,
6	Special Committee on Aging,
7	Hartford, Connecticut
8	The Committee met, pursuant to notice, at 2:00 p.m., in
9	Room 2E, Legislative Office Building, 300 Capitol Avenue,
10	Hon. Richard Blumenthal presiding.
11	Present: Senators Blumenthal and Whitehouse.
12	Also present: Senator Murphy.
13	OPENING STATEMENT OF SENATOR BLUMENTHAL
14	Senator Blumenthal. Thank you everyone for being here.
15	For those who may not have been outside and for the
16	record, I want to thank Chairman Nelson of the Special
17	Committee on Aging. I serve on it, and he has given us
18	permission to be here today and to have this field hearing
19	on a topic that I know is very, very important to the State
20	of Connecticut and to the State of Rhode Island.
21	I want to welcome my colleague, Senator Murphy and
22	Senator Sheldon Whitehouse of Rhode Island.
23	We have a panel of six really outstanding witnesses
24	today, and I want to welcome them all here, especially those
25	who made it to Hartford from Washington and Rhode Island.

- 1 And we think it is important to hold this hearing for a
- 2 number of reasons. While we are seeing insurers decide to
- 3 offer narrower networks, in an intent to reduce costs across
- 4 the country, these decisions have a very dramatic impact
- 5 here in Connecticut, where 2,250 providers were terminated
- 6 with virtually no notice, and that termination affected
- 7 about 61,000 patients under the Medicare Advantage program,
- 8 about 43 percent of all the patients who have Medicare
- 9 Advantage plans.
- 10 So we are here today to hear from the folks who can
- 11 shed some light on what these sudden terminations mean for
- 12 patients, in the midst of deciding whether they stay with
- 13 their Medicare Advantage plans, and what options are
- 14 available to them and what can be done to prevent this kind
- 15 of abusive and very likely, illegal action from happening
- 16 again.
- 17 Right now, the terminations have been enjoined. There
- 18 will be an appellate argument next week.
- 19 I have joined in that argument as a friend of the court
- 20 in a brief that I filed because I feel so strongly, as do my
- 21 colleagues, about the importance of this issue to people in
- 22 Connecticut and people throughout the country.
- I do not know whether Senator Murphy or Senator
- 24 Whitehouse have any additional statements that they would
- 25 like to make.

- 1 Senator Whitehouse?
- 2 OPENING STATEMENT OF SENATOR WHITEHOUSE
- 3 Senator Whitehouse. No. I just want to thank you both
- 4 for your hospitality. It is good to be here in your state.
- 5 Rhode Island, your eastern neighbor, has the same
- 6 predicament with United.
- 7 And I am pleased to serve on the Aging Committee with
- 8 Senator Blumenthal and on the Health, Education, Labor and
- 9 Pensions Committee with Senator Murphy. And since both of
- 10 those committees have a keen interest in this issue, it is a
- 11 delight to be here.
- 12 They are also terrific colleagues. And, on this issue,
- 13 people talk about Washington and who is a showhorse and who
- 14 is a workhorse. You have two workhorses in the Connecticut
- 15 Senate on health care issues. So it is a great honor for me
- 16 to be here with both of them.
- 17 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you.
- 18 Senator Murphy?
- 19 OPENING STATEMENT OF SENATOR MURPHY
- Senator Murphy. Thank you, Senator Blumenthal.
- I just wanted to thank you for allowing me, as a non-
- 22 Aging Committee member, to sit in on this hearing. But, as
- 23 a member of the Health, Education, Labor and Pensions
- 24 Committee, this is obviously an issue that we have
- 25 jurisdiction over as well. So, really excited to be here.

- 1 This is a great panel, and I think what I hope that we
- 2 will do here today is to examine both the immediate issue,
- 3 which is of concern to thousands of Connecticut and Rhode
- 4 Island residents, but also talk about the bigger picture
- 5 because we do live in a world in which we are going to see
- 6 the contraction and sometimes expansion, but certainly
- 7 always change, in provider networks. And we have just got
- 8 to sit together and figure out the best way to do that from
- 9 a cost perspective, from a patient protection perspective
- 10 and from a quality perspective.
- 11 Senator Blumenthal. And I should say that both Senator
- 12 Murphy and Senator Whitehouse, along with myself, are
- 13 members of a task force on health care delivery, which we
- 14 have organized to look at these issues.
- 15 And Sheldon Whitehouse has been an advocate on these
- 16 issues from well before I was in the Senate, and I want to
- 17 thank him particularly for his leadership.
- 18 Let me introduce the witnesses that we have here today,
- 19 with the first panel before us.
- Stephanie Kanwit is a Senior Health Care Consultant in
- 21 Washington, D.C., who currently serves as Special Counsel to
- 22 America's Health Insurance Plans, AHIP, and the
- 23 Pharmaceutical Care Management Association.
- 24 Prior to that, she served as General Counsel for AHIP
- 25 and three stints as a partner in private law firms in D.C.

- 1 and Chicago--Chadwell and Kayser, Lamet Kanwit and Davis in
- 2 Chicago, Epstein Becker and Green in Washington. And she
- 3 also has served as Vice President of Health Litigation at
- 4 Aetna here in Hartford.
- 5 Brian Biles comes to us from George Washington
- 6 University School of Public Health and Health Service, where
- 7 he is professor and Chair of the Department of Health
- 8 Services Management and Policy.
- 9 Prior to his current position, he was Senior Vice
- 10 President of the Commonwealth Fund and served for seven
- 11 years as Staff Director of the Subcommittee on Health in the
- 12 Committee on Ways and Means of the United States House of
- 13 Representatives. He worked on the Health Subcommittees
- 14 chaired by Representative Henry Waxman and Senator Edward
- 15 Kennedy, two great heroes in health care advocacy.
- And he has authored numerous papers. I am not going to
- 17 go through the entire list.
- But he has a master's degree in public health from
- 19 Johns Hopkins University, and he received his doctor of
- 20 medicine and bachelor of arts degrees with honors from the
- 21 University of Kansas.
- 22 And I am told--I hope, reliably--that your wife is from
- 23 Connecticut.
- Judith Stein, another hero, is the founder and
- 25 Executive Director of the Center for Medicare Advocacy.

- 1 Anybody who has been in this building, anybody who has any
- 2 experience in health care in Connecticut knows of her
- 3 extensive experience in developing and administering
- 4 Medicare advocacy projects. She has been a champion of
- 5 Medicare beneficiaries, producing educational materials
- 6 teaching and consulting.
- 7 She has been the lead counsel or co-counsel in numerous
- 8 Federal class action and individual cases, challenging
- 9 improper Medicare policies and denials. And I have been
- 10 privileged to join with her when I served as attorney
- 11 general in some of those actions.
- 12 She also was a delegate to the 2005 White House
- 13 Conference on Aging and received the Connecticut Commission
- 14 on Aging Agewise Advocate Award in 2007.
- 15 She graduated cum laude from Williams College and
- 16 received her law degree with honors from Catholic University
- 17 School of Law.
- Dr. Michael Saffir is a practicing psychiatrist,
- 19 specializing in physical medicine, rehabilitation and pain
- 20 management. He practices at the Orthopedic Specialty group
- 21 in Fairfield, Connecticut and is the Division Chief of
- 22 Medicine and Rehabilitation in the Department of Medicine at
- 23 St. Vincent's Medical Center in Bridgeport. He is also
- 24 President of the Connecticut State Medical Society.
- Did I get your specialty wrong?

- 1 Dr. Saffir. Physiatrist. Physical medicine
- 2 rehabilitation.
- 3 Senator Blumenthal. Okay. Thank you.
- 4 And I am going to ask Senator Whitehouse to introduce
- 5 Dr. Welch, who is from Rhode Island.
- 6 Senator Whitehouse. It is my great honor to have the
- 7 opportunity to introduce Dr. Raymond Welch, who is a
- 8 practicing physician in Rhode Island in the field of
- 9 dermatology. He has been practicing in the Providence area
- 10 for 28 years, focusing his work on the diagnosis and
- 11 treatment of skin cancer. He is also an Assistant Clinical
- 12 Professor at the Warren Alpert School of Medicine at Brown
- 13 University.
- He has a long record of recognitions. He was elected
- 15 in 2007 to the Noah Worcester Dermatological Society. He is
- 16 a member of the New England Dermatology Society, the Rhode
- 17 Island Dermatology Society and the American Society of Laser
- 18 Medicine and Surgery.
- 20 served his residency at Albany Medical Center Hospital and
- 21 completed his dermatology residence at Duke University
- 22 Medical Center.
- 23 We are delighted that he took the trouble to come from
- 24 Rhode Island to be here and to share his perspective.
- 25 Thank you very much.

- 1 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you.
- 2 Why don't we--
- 3 Senator Whitehouse. Should we get into the record now
- 4 about United and whether their being here or not here, they
- 5 were at least invited?
- 6 Senator Blumenthal. Sheldon Whitehouse, Senator
- 7 Whitehouse, makes the excellent point that I want to put on
- 8 the record that UnitedHealthcare Group was invited. I did
- 9 invite them to this hearing. They have declined to appear.
- 10 Why don't we begin going from my left to right?
- And we will begin with you, Ms. Kanwit.

- 1 STATEMENT OF STEPHANIE KANWIT, PRINCIPAL, KANWIT
- 2 HEALTHCARE CONSULTING, AND FORMER SPECIAL COUNSEL,
- 3 AMERICA'S HEALTH INSURANCE PLANS
- 4 Ms. Kanwit. Thank you. Good afternoon, Chairman
- 5 Blumenthal and members of the Committee.
- I am honored to be here in my home State of
- 7 Connecticut. I am Stephanie Kanwit, and I am testifying
- 8 today on behalf of America's Health Insurance Plans, known
- 9 as AHIP.
- I appreciate this opportunity to testify on issues
- 11 surrounding provider networks in the Medicare Advantage
- 12 Program and the strategies our members are employing in this
- 13 area to hold down costs and, at the same time, improve value
- 14 for their enrollees
- 15 Health plans in the Medicare Advantage, MA, program
- 16 have a strong track record of offering high-quality coverage
- 17 options with innovative programs and services for both
- 18 seniors and individuals with disabilities. As emphasized in
- 19 our written testimony, one strategy that plans are
- 20 pioneering involves the use of high-value provider networks
- 21 along with programs that encourage enrollees to obtain care
- 22 from providers who have demonstrated, based on performance,
- 23 metrics, their ability to deliver high-quality and cost-
- 24 effective care. And those are the keys.
- Our written testimony focuses on three broad areas:

- 1 First, background on the MA program, including the
- 2 value it delivers to beneficiaries.
- 3 Second, as the MA program faces a future of severe
- 4 underfunding, we discuss the opportunity for these high
- 5 value provider networks I mentioned to preserve benefits and
- 6 mitigate the cost impact on the MA beneficiaries.
- 7 And, three, we focus on the leadership role that health
- 8 plans are playing in advancing delivery system reforms.
- 9 So, just some quick background. More than 14.5 million
- 10 seniors in the United States and people with disabilities,
- 11 about 28 percent of the Medicare population, currently are
- 12 enrolled in MA plans.
- 13 And, Senator Whitehouse, that is higher in Rhode
- 14 Island. It is about 35 percent.
- 15 Why? Because they value the care coordination and
- 16 disease management activities, improved quality of care and
- 17 innovative services and benefits that are available through
- 18 these plans.
- Now MA plans offer a different approach to health care
- 20 delivery than beneficiaries experience under the regular
- 21 Medicare fee-for-service, FFS, program. They have developed
- 22 systems of coordinated care--key word, coordinated--for
- 23 ensuring that beneficiaries receive health care services on
- 24 a timely basis while also emphasizing prevention and
- 25 providing access to disease management services for chronic

- 1 conditions. These coordinated services and systems provide
- 2 for the seamless delivery of health care across the
- 3 continuum.
- 4 So we are talking physician services, hospital care
- 5 prescription drugs and other health care services, all
- 6 integrated and delivered through an organized system. The
- 7 overriding purpose is to prevent illness, manage chronic
- 8 conditions, improve health status and swiftly treat medical
- 9 conditions as they occur rather than waiting until they have
- 10 advanced to a more serious state,
- 11 So the key question is this: Have they been
- 12 successful?
- 13 And the answer is yes.
- 14 First, we know that because survey findings show that
- 15 MA enrollees are highly, highly satisfied with their health
- 16 plans--90 percent, plus.
- 17 Secondly, we know that because research findings
- 18 consistently demonstrate that MA plans have better health
- 19 outcomes and beneficiaries receive higher-quality care than
- 20 their counterparts in the Medicare FFS program.
- The value that MA enrollees receive through their plans
- 22 can also be seen in the additional services and benefits
- 23 that are offered--services and benefits that are not offered
- 24 in the Medicare fee-for-service program. Although these
- 25 vary from plan to plan, these typically include case

- 1 management, disease management, wellness and prevention
- 2 programs, prescription drug management tools, nurse help
- 3 hotlines, and vision, hearing and dental benefits.
- 4 MA plans also protect beneficiaries from high out-of
- 5 pocket costs, and this year, in 2014, all MA plans are going
- 6 to offer an out-of-pocket maximum for beneficiary costs.
- 7 Another important feature of MA programs is enrollees
- 8 have strong consumer protections, and this includes
- 9 extensive network adequacy standards, which ensure that MA
- 10 enrollees have access to all provider types, including
- 11 primary care physician as well as specialists within a
- 12 reasonable time and distance from their homes.
- 13 CMS works with MA plans when network changes are made
- 14 to ensure that beneficiaries continue to have access to the
- 15 benefits and services they need.
- But we are deeply concerned that the MA program is
- 17 facing a future of severe underfunding that jeopardizes the
- 18 stability of these plans.
- 19 The Affordable Care Act, the health reform law, ACA,
- 20 imposes more than \$200 billion in funding cuts on MA over a
- 21 10-year program. Through last month, December of 2013, only
- 22 10 percent of those cuts had gone into effect, but another
- 23 35 percent will be phased in between 2014 and 2016. So they
- 24 are back-loaded.
- On top of those cuts, MA enrollees are impacted by the

- 1 new ACA health insurance tax that went into effect on
- 2 January 1st, 2014.
- 3 Now facing such a challenging budgetary environment, MA
- 4 plans are working hard to maintain access to high-value
- 5 benefits and services for their enrollees, but we have
- 6 serious concerns, as I mentioned, about the underfunding of
- 7 the MA program as ACA cuts are phased in at an increasingly
- 8 faster rate over the next several years.
- 9 The need is greater now than ever before for
- 10 innovations that deliver increased values to beneficiaries
- 11 with increasingly limited resources that are available to
- 12 support the MA program.
- 13 And, in response to that challenge, MA plans are
- 14 working hard to preserve benefits and improve quality for
- 15 enrollees by developing what I mentioned previously--high-
- 16 value provider networks.
- What are high-value provider networks?
- Health plans typically develop these networks using
- 19 performance metrics, with a strong emphasis on quality
- 20 criteria, to select high-performing, cost-effective
- 21 providers, using widely recognized, evidence-based measures
- 22 of provider performance such as those endorsed by the
- 23 National Quality Forum. Health plans can create select or
- 24 tiered networks of providers comprised of clinicians and
- 25 facilities that score well on measures of efficiency and

- 1 quality.
- Now a central goal of these high-value provider
- 3 networks, including those offered by MA plans, is to improve
- 4 health care quality and efficiency through ongoing
- 5 evaluation of provider performance, assessment of resource
- 6 use, referrals to other high-performing providers and the
- 7 exchange of health information with the plan and other
- 8 providers caring for the same patients; so, that kind of
- 9 coordination.
- 10 Critically, these high-value provider networks create
- 11 strong incentives for providers to offer competitive prices
- 12 in response to the increased number of patients they gain as
- 13 a member of the network. And this, in turn, enables the
- 14 health plans to deliver substantial savings to their
- 15 enrollees in addition to connecting them to high-quality
- 16 providers.
- I want to thank you for considering our views on these
- 18 important issues.
- 19 We look forward to working with Congress to strengthen
- 20 and preserve the MA program. And, to achieve this goal, we
- 21 urge you to help ensure that funding for the MA program is
- 22 stabilized and that MA plans have the flexibility to advance
- 23 high-value provider networks and other innovations that
- 24 promote quality and efficiency for Medicare beneficiaries.
- 25 Thank you.

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- Senator Blumenthal. Thank you very much. 1
- 2 Professor?

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- 1 STATEMENT BRIAN BILES, PROFESSOR, GEORGE
- 2 WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
- 3 Mr. Biles. Thank you very much, Senator Blumenthal,
- 4 Senator Whitehouse, Senator Murphy, for convening this
- 5 hearing on what is really a new and very important issue.
- I would note that my wife, in fact, did grow up in
- 7 Easton, where her great grandparents moved from \$1ovakia in
- 8 the 1880s to take over some of the farmland in that area.
- 9 Senator Blumenthal. Not a lot of farmland left in
- 10 Easton.
- 11 Mr. Biles. Not a lot. It is all--as you well know
- 12 Easton.
- 13 The focus of this hearing--I think, it could be termed
- 14 network narrowing of physicians by UnitedHealthcare's
- 15 Medicare Advantage plans--is important now both in
- 16 Connecticut and Rhode Island, and nationwide, and it is
- 17 certainly to become more important in the years ahead, which
- 18 I think is why this is such an important discussion. New
- 19 Medicare policies to address the situation will be
- 20 important, particularly to elderly and disabled
- 21 beneficiaries.
- The focus of today's hearing is United Healthcare's
- 23 recent action, and a special concern regarding United's
- 24 announcement is when it occurred and particularly occurred
- 25 after the beginning of the Medicare beneficiary open

- 1 enrollment period that began on October 15th and ran until
- 2 December 7th.
- 3 And I think if I were to focus on one area it is the
- 4 lack of advance notice. I do not know whether it is to
- 5 strong to say this is an example of bait and switch, but
- 6 clearly, elderly, disabled beneficiaries went through an
- 7 open enrollment period before all of this was clearly
- 8 understood and they could take action in response.
- 9 The term, network narrowing, has been described a
- 10 reduction in the number of physicians participating in
- 11 managed care plans, and I will focus today in five areas.
- 12 First, the point is that Medicare beneficiaries always
- 13 have the option to be covered by traditional Medicare, which
- 14 has the broadest network, of course, of any health plan and
- 15 any health insurance program the country.
- Second, again, the managed care network narrowing that
- 17 we see in Connecticut is neither new nor limited to
- 18 Medicare
- 19 Three, Medicare--and this is a particularly important
- 20 issue--has been paying private plans more than it costs in
- 21 traditional Medicare fee-for-service for beneficiaries
- 22 enrolled in the plan. Our research found that extra
- 23 payments--payments in addition to costs in Medicare,
- 24 traditional Medicare--in 2009 averaged 14 percent, \$1,100
- 25 per enrollee and a total of over \$12 billion.

- 1 Fourth, as payments are reduced, the plans with
- 2 policies have been mentioned in the ACA. To reduce these
- 3 extra overpayments, it is clear that plans will accommodate
- 4 and adopt more efficient and effective ways to provide care
- 5 including physician networks.
- And so my fifth point then is policies that protect
- 7 Medicare beneficiaries, as plans develop narrow networks,
- 8 are important at this time.
- 9 To elaborate a bit, the most important point relative
- 10 to changes is the underlying fact that beneficiaries must
- 11 always choose to be covered by, and receive care from, plans
- 12 rather than the traditional Medicare program.
- We have studies from MedPAC, which indicate that
- 14 Medicare beneficiaries in traditional Medicare have very
- 15 broad access to physicians and are quite satisfied with that
- 16 care. One study found that in spite of the general shortage
- 17 of primary care physicians, less than 2 percent of Medicare
- 18 beneficiaries in traditional Medicare reported a major
- 19 problem finding a primary care physician.
- 20 So there is--if you want to view it as--a fallback of a
- 21 safety net, and that is where almost 75 percent of the
- 22 Medicare beneficiaries are today.
- The second point, of course, is that managed care plans
- 24 with limited or narrow networks are neither new nor limited
- 25 to Medicare.

- 1 If we go all the way back to the 1970s, President Nixon
- 2 and Senator Kennedy developed the Medicare Assistance Act.
- 3 That was all based on Kaiser Permanente, and the entire
- 4 premise was that plans would have narrow networks. They
- 5 could be efficient, they could manage for care, and as
- 6 result, could provide care both in a less expensive, but
- 7 also more effective, manner.
- 8 We have seen over the years, particularly in the 1990s,
- 9 on one hand, a national movement toward plans with narrower
- 10 networks followed by a response. And then as the recession
- 11 eased, the economy became robust and employers had more
- 12 robust, moving to much broader networks.
- 13 If we then turn to the next point, which is that plans
- 14 have been paid more in traditional Medicare over the past,
- 15 since 2006. We find that Medicare Advantage, the Medicare
- 16 Modernization Act, the prescription drug bill in 2003,
- 17 implemented in 2006, paid all plans in the Nation more than
- 18 costs in fee-for-service in the same county. And, again,
- 19 the average was 14 percent, \$1,100 in 2009.
- The fourth point, of course, is in the ACA, as a
- 21 general effort to reduce costs to Medicare and in health
- 22 care, that included policies to reduce payments to hospitals
- 23 and other providers, these extra additional payments to
- 24 Medicare Advantage plans were gradually phased out through
- 25 the year 2017. And our modeling indicates that by 2017

- 1 plans will be paid an average of 101 percent of costs in the
- 2 same county.
- And history and current plan practices suggest that
- 4 changes by Medicare Advantage plans to accommodate this
- 5 gradual phase-down of these extra payments will likely
- 6 include some network narrowing. So I think that is built
- 7 into the system. I think it is expected.
- 8 But I think the most important point of today's hearing
- 9 is that since this is a new trend or event in Medicare that
- 10 there is a need for new policies, and I think those
- 11 particularly get to advance notice to beneficiaries.
- 12 And, particularly, there is something called the
- 13 advance notice of changes, which is due on September 30th,
- 14 that right now only focuses on benefits and out-of-pocket
- 15 costs and does not include any mention of changes in
- 16 networks. So, if any changes in networks were included in
- 17 that September 30th, notice with the open enrollment period
- 18 running from October 15th to December 7th, I think that
- 19 would give beneficiaries the notice they need and the time
- 20 to decide a new plan--for example, in New Haven, the Aetna
- 21 plan--or perhaps to shift back to traditional Medicare.
- We might also note if you pick that December [sic] 30th
- 23 date, then plans would be negotiating with physicians. And
- 24 I do think there is both not only the beneficiary point of
- 25 view but the physician point of view, but that plans need to

- 1 engage in that discussion and negotiation then much earlier
- 2 in the year in order to provide the adequate notice to
- 3 beneficiaries.
- 4 So I think in conclusion that there is a broad
- 5 background to the issue that suggests that network marrowing
- 6 is reasonable -- it has certainly been historically understood
- 7 and accepted--but that as we move from these, again, \$1,100
- 8 a year extra payments to plans to something closer to costs
- 9 in traditional Medicare, that new policies dealing mostly
- 10 and foremost with beneficiaries, but also with physicians,
- 11 are needed at this time.
- 12 So thank you very much.
- [The prepared statement of Mr. Biles follows:]

- Senator Blumenthal. Thank you very much. 1
- 2 Judith Stein.

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- 1 STATEMENT OF JUDITH STEIN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR,
- 2 CENTER FOR MEDICARE ADVOCACY
- 3 Ms. Stein. Thank you very much for holding this
- 4 hearing, Senator Blumenthal, and for coming back home, and
- 5 the same to Senator Murphy.
- 6 And I mentioned to Senator Whitehouse that in addition
- 7 to having longstanding alliances with Senators Murphy and
- 8 Blumenthal, I have a family of my daughter, son-in-law and
- 9 children in Providence, Rhode Island, both of who went to
- 10 Brown.
- 11 So it is really wonderful to have you here today.
- 12 Senator Whitehouse. Which we take terribly seriously.
- 13 So thank you for mentioning that.
- 14 Ms. Stein. As you know, I am the founder and Executive
- 15 Director of the Center for Medicare Advocacy, which I
- 16 founded in 1986, after having done elder and health care law
- 17 at Connecticut Legal Services for 10 years.
- The center is a private, nonprofit organization. I
- 19 think it is the only organization in the country that can
- 20 boast it is based on the quiet corner of Connecticut and has
- 21 a satellite office in Washington, D.C. We are in Mansfield,
- 22 Connecticut, and we serve the entire state and also hear
- 23 from people, and try and advocate as best we can, from those
- 24 all over the country.
- The center provides education and legal assistance to

- 1 advance fair access to Medicare and quality health care for
- 2 Medicare beneficiaries throughout the country and
- 3 Connecticut. We represent Medicare beneficiaries, respond
- 4 to over 7,000 calls and e-mails annually, host web sites
- 5 webinars, publish a weekly electronic and quarterly print
- 6 newsletter, and provide materials, education and expert
- 7 support for Connecticut's CHOICES program.
- I am also proudly a member of the executive committee
- 9 of the Connecticut Elder Action Network formed and hosted by
- 10 the Connecticut Commission on Aging.
- We are an unusual organization in the country in that
- 12 there are not too many of us who represent Medicare
- 13 beneficiaries. And, as a consequence, we also formed and
- 14 host the National Medicare Advocates Alliance, where some
- 15 few dozen of us meet regularly, and the center provides
- 16 issue briefs to keep people abreast of Medicare issues and
- 17 how to help low and middle-income, chronically ill, elder
- 18 and disabled people.
- 19 As you know and as the reason for our hearing today, in
- 20 2013, UnitedHealthcare jettisoned approximately 2,250
- 21 providers and health care facilities from its Connecticut
- 22 Medicare Advantage network--2,250. That is a huge number,
- 23 particularly in this small state--about 1 physician or
- 24 hospital or nursing home or other health care provider lost
- 25 for every 27 people in the United network in the state and

- 1 for every 260 Medicare Connecticut beneficiaries. Neither
- 2 physicians nor Medicare patients were given adequate notice
- 3 of this extraordinary decision.
- 4 As the 2013 Medicare enrollment period and year came to
- 5 a close, many older and disabled people enrolled in a
- 6 UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage plan learned that their
- 7 doctors or local hospital would not be available to them in
- 8 United's reduced Medicare Advantage network in 2014.
- 9 We began to receive calls at the center from people who
- 10 had heard this news and were frightened, from our friends at
- 11 the Connecticut Medical Society, from our friends in all the
- 12 offices of our very fine congressional delegation.
- On December 7th, I presented at a meeting held by Rosa
- 14 DeLauro, Congresswoman from the Greater New Haven area in
- 15 Wallingford. When we had a Q&A, about 25 percent, maybe 30,
- 16 of the questions asked by the 150 people on Medicare in the
- 17 audience were about their UnitedHealthcare problems.
- Many others did not learn until after the new year.
- 19 Others will not learn--and this is very important--
- 20 until they seek medical care in 2014. Only then will they
- 21 find that their doctor or other health care provider is no
- 22 longer in their Medicare plan.
- 23 In fact, we have been asked why CMS is not hearing
- 24 about this problem, and I think the answer is two-fold.
- 25 How would people know to contact CMS? Who is and what

- 1 is CMS from the point of view of the older and disabled
- 2 people who rely on Medicare, and their families? How do
- 3 they know where to call? And I can tell you 1-800-MEDICARE
- 4 is not the place.
- 5 Secondly, as I indicated and as others have noted,
- 6 many, many people will not know about this until they seek
- 7 medical assistance into the year. That is when we know,
- 8 historically, we find people calling us about Medicare
- 9 Advantage and Medicare regularly.
- 10 Many people think that Medicare Advantage means that
- 11 they have an advantage to their regular Medicare, that it is
- 12 something on top of their Medicare.
- 13 Under ordinary circumstances, we often get calls after
- 14 February or March from people who cannot get health care
- 15 from their traditional doctor.
- One client of ours and his family learned about the
- 17 United network cut only when health care was urgently
- 18 needed. Susan W. called the Center for Medicare Advocacy on
- 19 behalf of her parents who are both in their 80s.
- Mr. W. had a stroke in 2013, with bleeding in his
- 21 brain. He was helicoptered from his local hospital to Yale-
- 22 New Haven due to the complexity of his condition. Now he is
- 23 finding in the middle of his care that his medical and
- 24 rehabilitation needs are severely limited and further
- 25 complicated by the United Medicare Advantage network cuts.

- 1 His longtime primary care doctor is no longer in-
- 2 network. And I echo the comments of the good doctors--that
- 3 that is the relationship that matters to people.
- 4 And his local hospital is no longer in United's
- 5 Medicare Advantage network. He must travel farther to
- 6 another unknown hospital, farther from his elderly wife, and
- 7 find a new doctor in the midst of getting care for a stroke.
- 8 Most importantly, he cannot obtain the nursing care or
- 9 rehabilitation he needs at the nursing home closest to his
- 10 wife and community since it, too, has been cut from United's
- 11 Medicare Advantage plan.
- 12 As with many Medicare beneficiaries, Mr. W has long
- 13 been in tradition Medicare with supplemental Medigap
- 14 coverage, but he switched to United's Medicare Advantage
- 15 plan in 2011, like my uncle, because it was less expensive.
- 16 This worked until he became ill and United exercised its
- 17 business prerogative to severely reduce providers from its
- 18 Medicare Advantage network.
- 19 We know we will hear at the center from many other
- 20 people like Mr. W and his daughter as the year proceeds and
- 21 they need health care, but their providers, their doctor,
- 22 their hospital, their nursing home, in some instances, their
- 23 home care agency are found to no longer be in the Medicare
- 24 Advantage network.
- 25 United's health care actions would be bold in the

- 1 private health insurance market. They should not be
- 2 tolerated in the public Medicare arena. All Medicare
- 3 Advantage plans, including United, as Professor Biles just
- 4 testified, are paid more--more--by taxpayers than it would
- 5 cost to provide the same coverage in traditional Medicare.
- And, while I respect my colleague from AHIP, I have
- 7 yet, over my 30-plus decades [sic] of doing this work, to
- 8 find one of these plans regularly providing coordinated
- 9 care. In fact, not only has my 92-year-old uncle just had
- 10 terrible problems with his Medicare Advantage plan, with no
- 11 coordination of care, but we often find that, despite the
- 12 public funding being more than that which would be necessary
- 13 for people getting the same care in traditional Medicare,
- 14 Medicare Advantage plans often provide less when people are
- 15 truly ill.
- 16 United owes its Medicare enrollees and providers at
- 17 least timely notice and a fair remedy when significant
- 18 network reductions like these are planned. It owes its
- 19 Medicare enrollees and taxpayers a truly adequate array of
- 20 providers when it is receiving public funds--robust
- 21 payments. It should not be able to enroll Medicare
- 22 beneficiaries one year only to decimate its network the
- 23 next.
- 24 So what protections can be put in place?
- 25 First, for current United enrollees like Mr. W, who

- 1 have been hurt by provider cuts, they should receive help.
- 2 Further Congress should act so that such severe network
- 3 reductions do not happen in the future. Accordingly, the
- 4 Center for Medicare Advocacy recommends the following:
- 5 First, to protect current UnitedHealthcare Medicare
- 6 Advantage enrollees -- and we know this is happening in other
- 7 states; New York, Rhode Island, Florida--require
- 8 UnitedHealthcare, because it is receiving robust public
- 9 funding, to pay the in-network rate on behalf of individuals
- 10 such as our client, Mr. W., who cannot find the quality care
- 11 they anticipated in-network.
- 12 Second, provide a special enrollment period for
- 13 UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage enrollees so that they
- 14 can either change to another Medicare Advantage plan or
- 15 reenter traditional Medicare and receive the care from all
- 16 of the network available to them.
- 17 Third, require UnitedHealthcare to provide quality
- 18 transition services to enrollees such as Mr. W., who are in
- 19 the middle of treatment, so that they are--and also, the
- 20 gentleman who testified--spoke to the press this morning--so
- 21 that they can limit the disruption of their health care.
- 22 That gentleman and Mr. W should be able to continue their
- 23 care with the providers they know and who have been treating
- 24 their very desperate medical situations.
- 25 Secondly, how can we protect future Medicare Advantage

- 1 enrollees from what we are hearing are expected future
- 2 network cuts because the plans will no longer be getting 14
- 3 percent more? That is what ACA did. It started to scale
- 4 back paying 14 percent more to private plans to be in the
- 5 system.
- 6 Now they can be in the system. But, why should
- 7 taxpayers and all Medicare enrollees be paying what was
- 8 about \$150 billion over 10 years additional Medicare
- 9 Advantage plans than would be necessary in traditional
- 10 Medicare?
- 11 Require Medicare Advantage plans to provide notice, at
- 12 least, I said, 60 days, but the notice that Professor Biles
- 13 suggested in the ANOC, the notice that goes out, of change,
- on September 30th would also do, when more than a certain
- 15 percentage of providers are to be cut from a Medicare
- 16 Advantage plan-significant advance notice prior to the
- 17 beginning of the enrollment period on October 15th.
- 18 Review the definition of an adequate Medicare Advantage
- 19 network, to ensure all necessary services are available
- 20 within a truly reasonable geographic area. Norwalk, as we
- 21 know her in Connecticut, is not truly a reasonable
- 22 geographic area for a gentleman with end-stage renal disease
- 23 to get to the care he needs when he lives in Bridgeport.
- Limit the percentage of each kind of provider a
- 25 Medicare Advantage plan may cut from its network.

- 1 Require Medicare Advantage plans to pay as if an
- 2 enrollee's provider was in-network if the plan is determined
- 3 by CMS to have unreasonably reduced its Medicare Advantage
- 4 providers.
- 5 Provide a special enrollment period for Medicare
- 6 Advantage enrollees to change Medicare Advantage plans or
- 7 reenter traditional Medicare if their plan is determined to
- 8 have unreasonably reduced its provider network.
- 9 Importantly, level the playing field between the two
- 10 Medicare models. For example, include a prescription drug
- 11 benefit in traditional Medicare and identify other
- 12 incentives in the Medicare Advantage program that entice
- 13 beneficiaries to migrate from traditional Medicare to
- 14 Medicare Advantage and these were really put in place in
- 15 the law that was passed in 2003.
- Retain reasonably priced first-dollar Medigap coverage.
- 17 I know this will be before you, Senators, in budget cuts
- 18 that you will be looking at, and there is this notion that
- 19 people should buy Medigap coverage but pay out of pocket
- 20 before it comes into effect. This will further push people
- 21 to Medicare Advantage.
- 22 As is the case in Connecticut and some other states,
- 23 make it a Federal requirement that Medigap insurance offer
- 24 enrollment. Wider access to Medigap will give Medicare
- 25 Advantage enrollees more flexibility to return to

- 1 traditional Medicare if their Advantage plan no longer meets
- 2 their healthcare needs.
- In conclusion, Connecticut's older and disabled
- 4 community, and our Nation's older and disabled community
- 5 deserve better treatment than they have received from
- 6 UnitedHealthcare's Medicare Advantage plan. This kind of
- 7 behavior should not happen again, and Medicare beneficiaries
- 8 caught in this year's dramatic network cuts should be
- 9 helped.
- 10 Thank you for holding this hearing and for giving me
- 11 the opportunity to testify.
- 12 Please let me know if the Center for Medicare Advocacy
- 13 can do anything further to help.
- [The prepared statement of Ms. Stein follows:]

- Senator Blumenthal. Thank you very, very much. 1
- 2 I want to assure, by the way, all the witnesses that
- are going to cion.

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- 1 STATEMENT OF MICHAEL SAFFIR, M.D., PHYSIATRIST AND
- 2 PRESIDENT, CONNECTICUT STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY
- 3 Dr. Saffir. Thank you, Senator Blumenthal and Senator
- 4 Whitehouse.
- 5 I would like to commend you, sir, on the
- 6 recommendations that you have put together. They are very
- 7 pointed and successful.
- 8 Good morning. I am Dr. Saffir. I am board-certified
- 9 physiatrist in pain and sports medicine with the Orthopedic
- 10 Specialty Group in Fairfield. I am the President for the
- 11 Connecticut State Medical Society, representing more than
- 12 6,000 practicing physicians and physicians-in-training in
- 13 the State.
- I received my medical degree from the State University
- 15 at Downstate Medical Center and completed my residency,
- 16 training and fellowship in neuromuscular diseases and
- 17 electrodiagnostics at the Rusk Institute, NYU University.
- In addition to my practice, I serve on the Connecticut
- 19 State Worker's Compensation Commission and Medical Advisory
- 20 Committee, where I helped to develop the current attorney-
- 21 physician guidelines, insurance payer-physician guidelines,
- 22 treatment guidelines and an RVU-based fee schedule.
- I am also a member of the Connecticut Prescription
- 24 Monitoring Program.
- United's abrupt, significant cuts to its Medicare

- 1 Advantage program in Connecticut are deeply concerning for
- 2 both patients and physicians. United actions will have
- 3 significant negative effects on the physician-patient
- 4 relationship, the patient access to care and continuity of
- 5 care for Medicare beneficiaries -- a vulnerable population
- 6 with complex medical needs, including many with chronic
- 7 conditions and disabilities that limit mobility.
- 8 When UnitedHealthcare decided to drop the physicians in
- 9 Connecticut from its Medicare Advantage plan, they did it in
- 10 a way that seemed to maximize confusion for patients and
- 11 doctors.
- I would like to let you know that we did ask directly
- 13 to United. We actually had some of their senior medical
- 14 directors fly into Connecticut to talk to us, and we were
- 15 told that there was no cause; it was just a contract; it was
- 16 not based on quality.
- 17 And, in fact, the United Medicare Advantage plan has an
- 18 advisory panel with physicians. Most of them were unaware
- 19 that this process is going forward, and you would think that
- 20 \ if you were making a medically based decision that your
- 21 advisory panel would be involved. So many of them stepped
- 22 down.
- The physician terminations letters were sent by bulk
- 24 mail in early October. Some received multiple letters
- 25 indicating termination. Other doctors had no letter at all

- 1 but found out by going to the web site and finding that the
- 2 names had been removed from the provider directory.
- 3 Physicians who actually received a letter were given no
- 4 reason for termination, which made it difficult to appeal
- 5 Phone contact with United staff was challenging, as
- 6 well as looking in the online directory.
- 7 Both patients and physicians had problems determining
- 8 network participation. Terminated physicians were listed as
- 9 remaining in-network. Physicians who had not received a
- 10 letter were listed as dropped. And many physicians received
- 11 some verbal assurance, but no written confirmation was
- 12 provided, adding to the confusion.
- 13 United made those physician cuts just before the 2013
- 14 open enrollment period began on October 15th. And, as was
- 15 highlighted here earlier, patients are required to choose a
- 16 plan during that period, and once selected they are locked
- 17 into that plan without other options. United failed to
- 18 notify many patients of the network changes until mid-
- 19 November, halfway through the open enrollment period.
- 20 From a physician care perspective, United's actions
- 21 have been extremely disruptive. As physicians, we counsel
- 22 our patients about health based on the most accurate and up-
- 23 to-date clinical information. It is difficult to provide
- 24 similar counseling when patients ask questions about whether
- 25 or not we would be able to continue treatment and what the

- 1 continuity of care would be. There was a lack of accuracy
- 2 and timeliness of United's information for them to make
- 3 decisions.
- 4 Many CSMS members have shared their stories of patients
- 5 who were confused and upset by the changes. Because United
- 6 gave patients no reason for the network changes, some
- 7 patients were worried that the doctors may have done
- 8 something wrong.
- 9 Most recently, United patients have received letters
- 10 saying that they can switch to another doctor for their
- 11 care, but when the patients call this doctor's office they
- 12 are told they cannot be seen or will have to wait weeks or
- 13 months for an appointment.
- 14 Why? Because United never bothered to ask those listed
- 15 doctors if there was any room left in the patient panels or
- 16 if they were able to accept Medicare patients.
- 17 Throughout this process, the Center for Medicare and
- 18 Medicald Services, CMS--their lack of oversight and
- 19 enforcement has been disappointing. Simply regurgitating
- 20 that United played by the rules is not enough.
- A common-sense review of travel time and distances
- 22 requirements for the elderly and medically vulnerable
- 23 patients clearly showed that existing quidelines are
- 24 unrealistic, even dangerous.
- Following a 90-day notice guideline does not help

- 1 patients or physicians when that notice was provided in a
- 2 disorganized and incomplete manner. Even more critical, CMS
- 3 did not seem to consider the 90-day notice ran through the
- 4 open enrollment period. Physicians [sic] had to make
- 5 choices for their 2014 health care without knowing whether
- 6 their doctors would be able to take care of them.
- 7 Even more, for complicated patients with multiple
- 8 medical conditions, they would have to see different
- 9 physicians for these conditions and decide which physicians
- 10 they would go with and which plan.
- 11 To calculate these decisions were challenging and
- 12 difficult. No patient should have to make that choice.
- Many of our members have had patients ask whether they
- 14 could pay a little extra and stay with the doctor they know
- 15 and trust. Patients were horrified to learn that their
- 16 doctor--it was not a matter of a few dollars, but since
- 17 there were no out-of-network benefits in the Medicare
- 18 Advantage plans, they would have to pay the full cost. No
- 19 patient should have to make that choice.
- This is truly a watershed moment. United's actions
- 21 have clearly shown that they place a higher priority on
- 22 maximizing profit than maximizing their members' health.
- Congress needs to recognize what is occurring here in
- 24 Connecticut and across the country, in neighboring states
- 25 like Rhode Island, and have patients have better choices

- 1 when they are going into the open enrollment period.
- I would advocate for that beneficiary notice that
- 3 Professor Biles talked about as being an intelligent option.
- 4 The solution is simple. Patients' access to care needs
- 5 to be protected and maintained for this most vulnerable
- 6 population.
- 7 United needs to be held accountable for its lack of
- 8 clarity and transparency in this process and should
- 9 demonstrate that its actions do not jeopardize access to
- 10 care and actual provision of care to patients.
- 11 CMS should provide a common-sense oversight of United
- 12 and not simply accept the insurer's word that the networks
- 13 are adequate.
- What we would like to see happen is that improvements
- 15 in oversight and policing occur and that changes in the law
- 16 or regulations that CMS applies to these Medicare Advantage
- 17 plans are implemented, and we look forward to working with
- 18 you on it.
- 19 [The prepared statement of Dr. Saffir follows:]

- Senator Blumenthal. Thank you. 1
- 2 Dr. Welch.

PANTRANS CRIPT NOT TO BE QUOTED

- 1 STATEMENT OF RAYMOND WELCH, M.D., DERMATOLOGIST,
- 2 RHODE ISLAND DERMATOLOGY AND LASER MEDICINE
- 3 Dr. Welch. Senator Whitehouse, Senator Blumenthal and
- 4 Senator Murphy--did he leave?
- 5 Senator Blumenthal. Senator Murphy had another
- 6 commitment that he had to attend.
- 7 Dr. Welch. I see.
- 8 Ladies and gentlemen, good afternoon. When I was asked
- 9 to speak, I worried that perhaps I would be inadequate to
- 10 address the policy issues. Thankfully, I do not have to do
- 11 that. I could not possibly have said anything that
- 12 addresses my concerns on a nationwide and Federal Medicare
- 13 scale than what has been said.
- What I can do as a practicing physician is address the
- 15 personal side of this. I may add two additional things.
- I want to take issue with the idea that the doctors
- 17 that were terminated were terminated because of any
- 18 inadequacy in their art or science.
- 19 And also, I would like to address the idea that
- 20 UnitedHealthcare takes care of patients or any insurance
- 21 company takes care of patients. I believe it is the
- 22 physicians the nurses that do that. And I have never, when
- 23 I had a concern about my patients, said, gee, I wonder what
- 24 an insurance representative would say?
- I challenge any doctor here--have you ever had help

- 1 from an insurance company, stopping bleeding, setting a
- 2 fracture, treating a cancer, an infection or an inflammatory
- 3 disease?
- 4 Those of you who are not doctors or patients, have you
- 5 ever been sick and said, gee, I hope there is an insurance
- 6 agent who can help me with this fever?
- 7 Senator Whitehouse. For the record, I have never seen
- 8 an ambulance in Rhode Island go to an insurance office.
- 9 Dr. Welch. Thank you.
- In October 2013, we received a letter from UnitedHealth
- 11 plan informing me that we had been terminated, effective
- 12 February 2014 from the UnitedHealth plan Medicare Advantage
- 13 program. We were informed this was by virtue of a contract
- 14 that permitted termination without cause with 90 days'
- 15 notice.
- We requested information regarding the metrics that had
- 17 been used to decide who was terminated. This request was
- 18 denied on the basis that the information was proprietary.
- 19 Our appeal was held by a phone conversation with two
- 20 UnitedHealth plan medical directors--UnitedHealth plan
- 21 medical directors--on December 5th, 2013. Only one question
- 22 was raised for discussion--did we feel that we were properly
- 23 and legally notified?
- 24 We said, no, on the basis of many mistakes that had
- 25 been in correspondence that was mailed to us regarding

- 1 confusing us with other practices, et cetera.
- In any case, our appeal was denied.
- 3 UnitedHealth plan has publically stated that their
- 4 intention in contracting their Medicare Advantage network
- 5 by eliminating approximately one-third of Rhode Island
- 6 doctors, is to improve quality while lowering costs. No
- 7 data has been released describing how eliminating some of
- 8 the finest doctors in Rhode Island will improve quality. I
- 9 can only speculate how contracting the network will lower
- 10 UnitedHealth's costs by increasing their profits.
- I would like to share with you who my patients are that
- 12 are affected by this termination. These are the same
- 13 generation as our parents or, as some of us get older, our
- 14 siblings. They are the veterans of three wars.
- Ninety-four percent of my affected patients are skin
- 16 cancer or pre-cancer patients, most of whom have had
- 17 multiple skin cancers. One is a heart transplant who has
- 18 had 164 separate skin cancers. Another saw four of her
- 19 doctors, including myself and a cardiologist, terminated.
- One patient, 88 years old and a survivor of 8 skin
- 21 cancers in the last 13 years, kept asking, what do I do now,
- 22 as I excised yet another squamous cell carcinoma from his
- 23 chest. What do I do now?
- Some of my patients are simply too old to understand
- 25 what is happening to them. I dare say my mother, who is

- 1 forgetful but not demented, would struggle with this.
- 2 Some clearly did not understand that there was a time
- 3 deadline to change their insurance.
- 4 Some have told us they assumed that since there was no
- 5 rational reason given for my termination that our appeal
- 6 would be successful.
- 7 Since the termination, the State of Rhode Island and
- 8 UnitedHealth plan cut a separate deal for the retirees.
- 9 Patients will be allowed to see their terminated doctors as
- 10 long as those doctors agree to accept the out-of-network fee
- 11 schedule.
- 12 UnitedHealth is already our lowest payer and actually,
- 13 for their MA plan, discount their payments to doctors. We
- 14 expect the out-of-network fee schedule to be even further
- 15 reduced. Nonetheless, we will accept the out-of-network
- 16 fee.
- 17 This accounts for about one-half of our UnitedHealth
- 18 Medicare Advantage patients.
- 19 About one-half of the remaining patients have switched
- 20 their insurance to other carriers rather than lose their
- 21 doctors, including the patient who stood to lose all four of
- 22 her doctors and the heart transplant patient. This passes
- 23 the burden of their obviously expensive skin cancer care to
- 24 the new insurer and relieves UnitedHealth plan of this cost.
- These people have to be taken care. The cost is the

- 1 same no matter who delivers it unless they get inadequate
- 2 care or simply fail to find another doctor.
- 3 One of our patients switched back to traditional
- 4 Medicare A/B with UnitedHealth, Medigap or supplemental
- 5 insurance. Due to her skin cancer history, she saw her
- 6 monthly costs double.
- 7 The remaining patients have stayed with UHP. Some are
- 8 too old to understand what has happened to them. Some are
- 9 in employer-provided retiree plans with no choice and cannot
- 10 change.
- 11 A review of the dermatology providers UHP lists as
- 12 available includes a doctor who is dead, doctors who have
- 13 retired, doctors who have left the state, a doctor who is an
- 14 internist and has no credentials in dermatology, doctors who
- 15 are part-time or not seeing new patients. One of the
- 16 doctors is me under an old EIN number and at an address I
- 17 left 10 years ago in Providence.
- 18 Apparently, the doctor that--
- 19 Senator Whitehouse. If you move back, do you think you
- 20 would get coverage?
- [Laughter.]
- 22 Dr. Welch. I do not know because I think in order to
- 23 qualify I have to continue to not see patients.
- 24 Most of the private practice dermatologists in Rhode
- 25 Island have been terminated, including several of our finest

- 1 dermatologists. I will back this statement up if anybody
- 2 wants to talk to me later. I will give you names and
- 3 credentials.
- We have been told that UnitedHealth plan is telling
- 5 Medicare Advantage patients with no out-of-network coverage,
- 6 that if they try three times and cannot find another
- 7 dermatologist, then UnitedHealth plan may issue a letter
- 8 that allows the patient to continue with us for a given
- 9 period of time. This suggests that UnitedHealth plan
- 10 realizes they do not have enough dermatologists to cover the
- 11 loss of terminated dermatologists.
- 12 In summary, UHP has not improved quality by terminating
- 13 about one-third of the dermatologists in Rhode Island--and,
- 14 by the way, this goes for other specialties as well--
- 15 particularly since the availability of qualified
- 16 replacements in adequate numbers is questionable.
- In fact, being forced to switch from providers such as
- 18 myself, who were intimately familiar with their cases, to
- 19 new providers may delay care. In the case of my patients,
- 20 this means delayed diagnosis and treatment of skin cancer
- 21 with increased morbidity, suffering and death for elderly
- 22 patients.
- 23 It would appear that UnitedHealth may lower their own
- 24 costs by passing on the costs of care for their more
- 25 expensive patients to other insurance carriers or by paying

- 1 terminated providers less to care for state retirees or by
- 2 charging patients who switch to their supplemental Medicare
- 3 plan an increased premium.
- 4 On my oath, I have sworn to serve the highest interests
- 5 of my patients through the practice of my science and my art
- 6 and that I will be an advocate for patients in need and
- 7 strive for justice in the care of the sick. This is why I
- 8 am here today, and I hope you will join me in defending our
- 9 elderly patients' right to the best quality health care.
- 10 Thank you for allowing me to speak before this
- 11 Committee, and I will try to answer any questions.
- The prepared statement of Dr. Welch follows:

- 1 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you, Dr. Welch.
- I am going to turn first to Senator Whitehouse for his
- 3 questions.
- 4 Senator Whitehouse. Thank you very much, Chairman
- 5 Blumenthal.
- 6 Let me thank all of the witnesses for their testimony.
- 7 I thought it was a particularly helpful and instructive
- 8 hearing.
- 9 What I extract from it is the conclusion that there are
- 10 really three problems going on all at once in the middle of
- 11 this.
- One is a consumer protection problem, and that is that
- 13 people are being subjected to a lot of potentially unfair
- 14 treatment, a lot of confusion, a lot of anxiety, problems of
- 15 due notice and, of course, the nuisance of having to
- 16 accommodate by finding a new provider who may not be the one
- 17 you are comfortable with. All of that creates, I think, a
- 18 significant consumer protection issue.
- 19 And, unfortunately, it is a consumer protection problem
- 20 that falls most heavily on those who are sickest because it
- 21 is for them that the anxiety and that the change will be the
- 22 greatest. If you are healthy through all this and you never
- 23 see a doctor, it is kind of an abstract problem that you
- 24 have to face. But, when you are in the throes of a real
- 25 illness, this is where it hurts you.

- 1 So it is not only a consumer protection problem. It is
- 2 a consumer protection problem that has a particular burden
- 3 for those who are the most ill and the most vulnerable. So
- 4 I think that is a very real concern.
- 5 The second problem is the problem of Medicare,
- 6 gamesmanship. As Ms. Stein mentioned, Medicare Advantage
- 7 was supposed to compete head to head with Medicare and that
- 8 she promised that it would be less expensive than Medicare
- 9 when they fought for the right to compete head to head with
- 10 Medicare, and by the time we passed the Affordable Care Act
- 11 in Congress, they were 14 percent above Medicare. They were
- 12 being paid a premium when they said they could do it at a
- 13 discount.
- 14 So the Affordable Care Act gets rid of that premium,
- 15 and that may enhance the incentive that private carriers
- 16 have to cherry-pick the Medicare population, to try to make
- 17 sure that the seniors who are golfing every weekend are the
- 18 ones that they get and the ones who are in the hospital all
- 19 the time are the ones that Medicare gets.
- That would be consistent with a recurring problem that
- 21 we are seeing in the American corporate world, which is an
- 22 effort to privatize profits and socialize costs and use
- 23 their power in government to take advantage of the general
- 24 public for their own purposes. So you see it in a whole
- 25 array of different areas, but it is certainly an acute

- 1 problem here.
- 2 And, when you see the way this is done, there is at
- 3 least a flag of suspicion up that they are doing this in
- 4 order to dump expensive patients and to cherry-pick their
- 5 patient mix and move expensive patients to Medicare and be
- 6 able to make more money off of the population that they
- 7 reserve.
- 8 Until that concern has been rebutted, I think it stands
- 9 plainly as a logical concern.
- 10 The third is—and Senator Blumenthal, Senator Murphy
- 11 and I are all keenly working on this--you know, we have got
- 12 one of the most expensive health care systems in the world.
- 13 Actually, we have the most expensive health care system in
- 14 the world by a margin of about 50 percent above the second
- 15 most expensive health care system in the world, which I
- 16 think right now is Switzerland.
- Doing something about that cost problem is vital. One
- 18 of the tools to do something about that cost problem is a
- 19 well-managed network, a good network, a high-value network,
- 20 to use Ms. Kanwit's phrase.
- High-value networks can lower cost. High-value
- 22 networks are measured by good outcomes produced by the
- 23 doctors in the network, good electronic health record
- 24 information technology in the network, good--what would you
- 25 call it--coordination of care and handling of patients

- 1 between doctors and specialists in the network and providing
- 2 the very best care and not unnecessary care and eliminating
- 3 errors and all that kind of stuff. All of that is very much
- 4 worth doing.
- 5 So there is a final problem here, which is that when an
- 6 insurance company chooses to use its network for a bad
- 7 purpose, for the purpose of cherry-picking, for the purpose
- 8 of shoving expensive patients over to Medicare and keeping
- 9 the less expensive ones for itself--which remains, as I
- 10 said, an unrebutted proposition here in this hearing because
- 11 United would not show up--there is an opportunity cost.
- 12 You cannot have a network that is at once designed to
- 13 dump your more expensive patients and at the same time is
- 14 designed to be the high-value network that should be the
- 15 goal of our system. You make a choice. You cannot choose
- 16 both. It is one or the other.
- And, when you choose the path that United appears to
- 18 have chosen, you are foregoing the path of a responsible
- 19 high-value network, and that should be of concern to all of
- 20 us.
- 21 So I really do not have any questions so much as to get
- 22 your feedback on whether you think I have properly extracted
- 23 the three harms that are at issue here. And, in my view,
- 24 there has been no testimony to rebut at this point the, I
- 25 guess, default proposition that United is behaving in

- 1 exactly those ways.
- 2 Ms. Kanwit. Senator, if I may, I cannot speak to
- 3 United where AHIP was not directly involved in that,
- 4 clearly, but I would like to talk about two of the issues
- 5 you raised.
- I appreciate your nod to high-value networks because
- 7 we, too, at AHIP think that is the way--we think it is the
- 8 way to go in the future to get our costs under control and
- 9 our quality up.
- But, on the consumer protection problem, our testimony
- 11 covers, but there is more information.
- 12 CMS has extensive, extensive rules, actually consistent
- 13 with some of Ms. Stein's suggestions, which allow for both
- 14 adequacy of care and continuity of care--adequacy being that
- 15 the network, the MA network, must have providers both in a
- 16 geographical sense and in a quantity sense, enough
- 17 specialists, enough PCPs, primary care providers, to make
- 18 access easy for that particular beneficiary.
- 19 So there is that adequacy thing and then coupled with
- 20 the continuity of care provision, which is also enshrined in
- 21 our code of Federal regulations, which CMS administers,
- 22 talking about what happens when a beneficiary either cannot
- 23 get adequate care within a network. That beneficiary can
- 24 get out-of-network care at the in-network price if he or she
- 25 needs, for example, a specialized oncologist somewhere.

- 1 So those issues are there on the continuity.
- 2 And, if there are network changes, which there will
- 3 inevitably be--and CMS, as a matter of fact, wisely,
- 4 Senator, wants to keep flexibility so that health plans in
- 5 the MA space can do innovations. That is one of the points
- 6 of MA.
- 7 But that flexibility--
- 8 Senator Whitehouse. I will concede to you that there
- 9 are CMS rules that help protect against some of the worst
- 10 possible consumer protections, but I hope you will concede
- 11 that the testimony we have heard today shows that for a lot
- 12 of consumers this choice by United has been a very anxious-
- 13 making, discouraging, inconveniencing and, in some cases,
- 14 potentially even care-threatening or compromising occasion.
- Ms. Kanwit. I do not have the facts to opine on that,
- 16 to be honest with you. I have not followed it, and I just
- 17 know what is in the public wheel and the conversation here
- 18 this morning.
- 19 Senator Whitehouse. Okay.
- 20 Ms. Kanwit. I do think that there are consumer choices
- 21 out there, if I could point out quickly.
- For example, there are 12 MA plans, as Professor Biles
- 23 has talked about the other consumer choices. There are
- 24 about 12 other MA plans in the State of Connecticut, and
- 25 those plans, in turn, have different benefit designs that a

- 1 consumer could choose.
- In Rhode Island, there are five MA plans that a
- 3 consumer could also go to.
- 4 Senator Whitehouse. But you agree that the number of
- 5 plans that is available does not cure a problem of short
- 6 notice or notice that somebody does not really, you know,
- 7 experience the problem until they have signed up and then
- 8 the problem detonates and they go to their doctor for the
- 9 first time six months later and he says, by the way, I am
- 10 not in the network any longer.
- I think those are consumer protection problems that are
- 12 not solved by the existence of other networks because the
- 13 person's choice was not either informed or prepared enough
- 14 for them in order to be able to take advantage of the other
- 15 networks.
- 16 Participant. Senator, I would comment that the issue
- 17 with network analysis -- unfortunately, there had been a
- 18 medical review process where there had been some oversight
- 19 on the CMS side in the past, but that was streamlined so
- 20 that it was simply a calculation of numbers and a list of
- 21 names.
- 22 And, as my colleague to my right here pointed out, some
- 23 of those names were people who were dead or who moved out of
- 24 the state or did not practice correctly.
- 25 So an insightful analysis is clearly required. Simply

- 1 just saying, oh, yes, you know, there are 50 names, and this
- 2 should take care of it, and they can handle everything you
- 3 need; we have not checked with them; we do not know if they
- 4 are alive, is not adequate.
- 5 Senator Whitehouse. You would think very much that a
- 6 high-value network determination would pick up the deadness
- 7 of a doctor.
- 8 [Laughter.]
- 9 Participant. Absolutely.
- 10 Ms. Stein. Further, it is my understanding that--I
- 11 think quite audaciously, if I am correct--the Connecticut
- 12 congressional delegation requested a list of the names of
- 13 the doctors who were in that work still and those who were
- 14 not and was unable to get that information.
- 15 Whatever protections there are were clearly inadequate.
- 16 And also, I think that this demonstrates perhaps an outlier
- 17 activity; that is, it is unusual.
- 18 United is--I think, you know, you have got Medicare,
- 19 Medicaid and United. United, like, owns healthcare in this
- 20 country.
- Senator Whitehouse. It is big.
- Ms. Stein. It is very dangerous,
- 23 And it is branded by AARP. So people go to United.
- I had people say to me, well, I am not affected, right,
- 25 because I am still with AARP.

- 1 So, while there are protections, they clearly have been
- 2 inadequate.
- 3 The definition of an adequate network needs to be
- 4 reviewed to make sure it really meets the needs of, firs
- 5 the beneficiaries and then the physicians.
- 6 And I can tell you as a breast cancer survivor, if you
- 7 are in the midst of getting care, you do not have a fungible
- 8 oncologist, a radiation oncologist, an infusion center.
- 9 These things are not just going to one Wal-Mart or the
- 10 other.
- 11 So I would urge a review of what protections did not
- 12 work and what needs to be done to make them work.
- 13 And, certainly, this cannot be proprietary information.
- 14 My office could not get the information. But, how can the
- 15 United Connecticut delegation not get this information, and
- 16 how can CMS and this Administration, which I know and love,
- 17 have been so, I think, repeating--regurgitating, I think the
- 18 doctor said--the statements that it meets the rules?
- 19 Maybe it did, but it obviously shocks equity and good
- 20 conscience, what has happened, which means the rules are
- 21 inadequate.
- 22 Senator Whitehouse. Well, thank you.
- 23 Ms. Stein. And we need to level the playing field with
- 24 traditional Medicare.
- 25 Senator Whitehouse. I am going to very shortly return

- 1 to Rhode Island, which, in our neck of the woods, we think
- 2 is a long drive from here. We think a drive from Providence
- 3 to Newport is a long drive in Rhode Island; so, from
- 4 Hartford, back.
- 5 So let me take this opportunity to thank Chairman
- 6 Blumenthal for holding this hearing. I really, truly do
- 7 think it has been instructive.
- 8 And, in addition to the individual cases, I really
- 9 think that as we are looking forward at how we fix the
- 10 health care system and solve the huge 50 percent extra cost
- 11 burden that Americans forced to bear because of the
- 12 inefficiencies in the cost system, we are really playing
- 13 with fire, and our insurance companies are really playing
- 14 with fire when they are messing around with networks.
- We had bad network behavior in the bad old HMO days, as
- 16 you will remember and as a lot of Rhode Islanders still
- 17 remember, when what got you into the network was cutting a
- 18 special deal with the insurance company; it had nothing to
- 19 do with the patient.
- And those were bad old days, and the HMO situation got
- 21 so bad that Hollywood made movies about people who were, you
- 22 know, the victims of that HMO mentality. Now we have to
- 23 fight against that now that we have patient-centered and
- 24 high-value networks that need to be done.
- But, if the whole process of pulling physician networks

- 1 together gets made disreputable by behavior like this, it is
- 2 going to be very hard to take the steps we really need to
- 3 have to build the high-value networks that Ms. Kanwit spoke
- 4 so eloquently about.
- 5 So there is a real carry-on cost to the health care
- 6 system, and I think to all of us, if we do not get this
- 7 right and if we do not take the kind of action that Senator
- 8 Blumenthal is leading on.
- 9 So, again, my pleasure to be here, and I will excuse
- 10 myself and thank my Connecticut colleagues for their
- 11 hospitality today.
- 12 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you, Senator Whitehouse. We
- 13 wish you well on your long drive back to Rhode Island, and
- 14 thank you so much for your leadership in this area.
- I might just say since we had on this panel two former
- 16 attorneys general, as well as two former United States
- 17 attorneys, part of this problem strikes me as enforcement.
- 18 You know, what Senator Whitehouse referred to as the flag of
- 19 suspicion--I think it is more like a cannon burst so far as
- 20 possible illegality here is concerned.
- After all, a court has found that United Healthcare
- 22 Group very probably broke the law and, therefore, has
- 23 enjoined its abusive action.
- So I guess I want to pick up on what Judith Stein
- 25 emphasized and others have alluded to--why isn't there

- 1 better Federal enforcement in this area?
- 2 Most people, as you remarked, do not know what CMS
- 3 means, what those initials stand for and what its role or
- 4 responsibility is.
- 5 So there are really two elephants in this room. One is
- 6 United Healthcare, and the other is CMS and why it has not
- 7 taken more effective action.
- 8 And I just to confirm what Ms. Stein said. In fact,
- 9 the Connecticut delegation sought this information from
- 10 United Healthcare, and they were unwilling to provide it.
- 11 So let me open that question to all of you, having
- 12 observed for a long time Federal enforcement efforts in this
- 13 area, and let's turn the light on CMS and other agencies
- 14 that have a responsibility.
- Mr. Biles Senator, I think my response would be you
- 16 are exactly right, and part of that, of course, is both the
- 17 number and the expertise of the individuals in CMS
- 18 responsible for managing what is now a \$120-plus billion a
- 19 year program.
- 20 And I think CMS has, of course, many responsibilities--
- 21 hospitals, physicians--across the board. But I think in
- 22 terms of the numbers and maybe particularly the focus in
- 23 this area, I would say, has been lacking.
- I know in our case we are interested in data, being
- 25 researchers. If we look at the Federal center that provides

- 1 data, they have over 100 databases with physicians,
- 2 hospitals, prescription drugs. There is not a single
- 3 database that has been released on the Medicare Advantage
- 4 program.
- 5 And, beyond that, again, just issue by issue--and I
- 6 think Judy could comment -- they have just been very reluctant
- 7 to view this as a kind of Federal program with the sort of
- 8 transparency that one would expect in a Federal program.
- 9 Ms. Kanwit. Let me also say that, to come to the
- 10 defense of CMS, they have had these regulations in place,
- 11 our plans work hard to comply with them, Senator, and that
- 12 the regulations -- that CMS wants the plans to have the
- 13 flexibility in Medicare Advantage to make innovations that
- 14 are not possible in the Medicare fee-for-service system.
- 15 As Senator Whitehouse so eloquently said, we need to
- 16 move away from the rigidified--the disjointed--Medicare fee-
- 17 for-service system to a much more collaborative and
- 18 communicative thing with doctors and hospitals and health
- 19 plans all working together to get health care costs down.
- 20 So Medicare Advantage was supposed to be innovative.
- 21 It was supposed to provide benefits. Hence, it is a little
- 22 more costly although not always.
- 23 Medicare Advantage -- actually, Medicare Advantage
- 24 beneficiaries in many cases are 2 percent lower in local
- 25 markets--the premiums--than fee-for-service. Two percent

- 1 lower.
- 2 So it is not always—and it is not comparing apples to
- 3 comparing if you compare fee-for-service, with all due
- 4 respect to Ms. Stein, to Medicare Advantage because the
- 5 Medicare Advantage has so many more benefits tacked on than
- 6 the Medicare fee-for-service.
- 7 Senator Blumenthal. I understand your point in the
- 8 abstract, and you are right that Senator Whitehouse was very
- 9 powerful and eloquent in describing the dynamic of what is
- 10 supposed to be occurring.
- But what we have here is 61,000 patients whose health
- 12 care was severely jeopardized. They were put through the
- 13 emotional wringer, not to mention the possible detrimental
- 14 effect to their health care of, at the very least, opaque
- 15 and abrupt treatment by United Healthcare, not only in
- 16 Connecticut but in Rhode Island, in Ohio, in Florida, across
- 17 the country. It was not an aberrant occurrence here.
- And, in Connecticut, the medical society went to court.
- 19 And I joined them, not because I have any legal standing--in
- 20 fact, I do not--but I was representing the interests of
- 21 those patients. They were representing the doctors.
- 22 And I think the question can be legitimately be asked--
- 23 where was CMS?
- 24 And, if CMS felt it did not have the resources or the
- 25 authority, don't we need to do something about that

- 1 enforcement gap?
- Obviously, you are not speaking--I am not putting you
- 3 on the--you know, this is not your--I appreciate your coming
- 4 to their defense, but I do not mean that you are personally
- 5 responsible to answer the question.
- 6 Ms. Kanwit. No, I am speaking generally for the
- 7 Medicare Advantage program, Senator, and the advantages it
- 8 brings to beneficiaries who are very, very happy generally.
- 9 Over 90 percent, I mentioned, happiness rates and satisfied
- 10 rates with the Medicare Advantage program.
- 11 But CMS also has come out with statements in this
- 12 particular case, the United case--again, I do not speak for
- 13 United--
- 14 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you.
- 15 Ms. Kanwit. -talking about the open enrollment
- 16 periods, et cetera, one of which we are in the middle of
- 17 right now, until February 14th.
- 18 Senator Blumenthal. Let me turn to the other witnesses
- 19 who may have some response to the question I have raised.
- Dr. Saffir. Well, we were going to comment that in
- 21 terms of communication, obviously, this is an example where
- 22 communication was not well done. So that enhanced value of
- 23 communication did not clearly not occur in this situation.
- We did try to reach out to United to get answers. I
- 25 know that you sent letters. The delegation sent letters.

- 1 The attorney general sent letters, and did not get answers.
- We did send requests out to CMS and got answers that
- 3 were less than satisfactory, and those examples are
- 4 available, and I am sure have been submitted as part of the
- 5 paperwork and information for this hearing.
- 6 So that was not satisfactory.
- 7 I think that the network analysis needs to have better
- 8 review. Like I said, United had a medical advisory panel
- 9 that was unaware of this process. They should have been
- 10 engaged. When you make a medical adequacy decision, it
- 11 makes sense to have doctors involved.
- 12 In terms of deciding how to best manage costs, I mean,
- 13 your brother published an article in the New England Journal
- 14 that talked about these costs and ways to look at it. It
- 15 cannot be done bureaucrats since it involves the health care
- 16 of patients. You have to have doctors involved.
- 17 Ms. Stein. Senator, when Medicare Advantage came into
- 18 effect in 2003, there was, in fact, the movement to
- 19 privatize Medicare happened. It did not happen with Social
- 20 Security, but it happened with Medicare and, to me,
- 21 shockingly, to the extent of taxpayers and all Medicare
- 22 beneficiaries paying a huge amount more in order to do that.
- 23 And it is true that the law, I think, needs to be
- 24 reviewed because there was a sense that this was not always
- 25 state action--and I know you know what I mean by that--but

- 1 these were private entities and that, yes, the government
- 2 was not intertwined in the way it is with the traditional
- 3 Medicare program.
- These private entities receive huge amounts, as you
- 5 know, of public dollars in a way that is actually partly
- 6 responsible for the alleged bankrupting of the Medicare
- 7 program. United is not entitled to be a Medicare Advantage
- 8 plan. And somehow the American people have misunderstood,
- 9 have not been heard enough, of what we are paying, what it
- 10 is costing us, to have private insurance plans be part of
- 11 Medicare.
- 12 And I suspect that AHIP--I do not know--is as sorry as
- 13 any of us that United did what it did because it is creating
- 14 a huge problem for the good guys in the system. But they
- 15 are the biggest guy, or one of the biggest guys.
- And we have to make sure that the laws that were put
- 17 into effect, largely as a consequence of the law that was
- 18 passed in 2003 and the regs that followed, which were at the
- 19 time very much intended to move people to Medicare
- 20 Advantage -- and that happened.
- It used to be you could move back from traditional
- 22 Medicare to Medicare Advantage at this time. This
- 23 Administration switched that. The philosophy switched. The
- 24 implementation and the regs have not caught up.
- 25 If from this hearing we actually could believe that we

- 1 would look at the regs to see if they meet this kind of
- 2 circumstance, when in fact the clever notion to deal with
- 3 the doctors and that removes the sick patients--clever, I
- 4 say in a negative way--shows us how much can happen under
- 5 the current regs.
- 6 We need to make sure that the burden is on the plan to
- 7 show that what it has done is to lead to innovation, good
- 8 flexibility, true coordination of care and more services,
- 9 not \$75 toward eyeglasses, not a health club membership, but
- 10 all those things that the MA plans and their industry always
- 11 want to tell us. The burden should be on the plan to show
- 12 that that value is really happening.
- I can tell you I am one of the few attorneys who
- 14 represents Medicare beneficiaries as my career. It has yet
- 15 to be shown to me. We were told that in Medicare+Choice,
- 16 and we have been told that in Medicare Advantage.
- 17 And this whole country is paying dearly for what is not
- 18 good flexibility. This kind of flexibility is terrible.
- 19 Medicare could not get away with it.
- What is innovation?
- What is coordinated care?
- What real more services are being offered?
- 23 I think those regs and the burden of showing that needs
- 24 to be really reviewed.
- Ms. Kanwit. Senator, may I just quickly respond?

- 1 Yes, two quick points to Ms. Stein's questions.
- On the quality issue, the data out there--and these are
- 3 not AHIP's data; they are in respected publications, like
- 4 Health Affairs, and we cite them in page 3 of our testimony
- 5 -show the huge quality differences: 17 percent, 20 percent
- 6 for breast cancer, diabetes, cardiovascular disease, et
- 7 cetera, in Medicare Advantage plans. So there are
- 8 demonstrable quality differences.
- 9 I also cannot let go unanswered Ms. Stein's impassioned
- 10 plea on the alleged motives for the network changes that
- 11 United, or anyone else, ever makes in the Medicare Advantage
- 12 plan. There is really no incentive for an MA carrier to
- 13 plan to cherry-pick, as Senator Whitehouse talked about.
- 14 All of it is risk-adjusted. The premiums that the plan
- 15 gets are risk-adjusted by CMS. So it does not -- the plan can
- 16 take on a person with six chronic illnesses versus a person
- 17 who is playing golf every day and not be hurt financially.
- 18 There is also guaranteed issue in Medicare Advantage.
- 19 Anyone can sign up--whether you are healthy as a horse or
- 20 have 20 chronic diseases.
- So the point is there is no particular incentive for
- 22 plans to do that. So I just want to correct the record on
- 23 that.
- 24 Dr. Welch. May I speak?
- 25 Senator Blumenthal. Of course, Dr. Welch.

- 1 Dr. Welch. Thank you.
- 2 Blue Cross-Blue Shield of Rhode Island has taken on--is
- 3 it 8,500--8,500 more patients as a result of this, patients
- 4 who would not leave their doctors.
- 5 As I pointed out, my patients are skin cancer patients.
- 6 They need a lot of procedures that are expensive. So those
- 7 patients are no longer part of United Health's risk pool.
- 8 In addition, they discount the fees that they pay to us
- 9 below what Medicare pays.
- Now, just so everybody understands, the way that the
- 11 Medicare fees are arrived at-there is a panel of doctors
- 12 called the RUC panel which makes recommendations across
- 13 specialties. These are considered by the government--CMS, I
- 14 believe -- and then relative values, procedures and services
- 15 are assigned that are felt to be fair and equitable.
- 16 United Health, to get these efficiencies, discounts
- 17 those. They then charge the patient a \$40 co-pay. So, for
- 18 a \$45 service, that means the patient pays \$40, United
- 19 Health pays \$5, and the doctor discounts his services.
- 20 So I think that there is financial incentive here.
- 21 Another point that troubles me--you mentioned earlier
- 22 that these--there is a phrase I need to have documented. I
- 23 think the first word is value. Does anybody remember what
- 24 that phrase is?
- Value? The panels have value?

- 1 Ms. Kanwit. High-value provider networks.
- 2 Dr. Welch. High-value provider networks, right.
- 3 Oh, by the way, thank you for commenting. I admire
- 4 your courage.
- 5 One of the ways that you said that those high-value
- 6 would be determined was through published metrics by a which
- 7 a doctor could be determined to be providing good quality
- 8 care, something like that. Maybe I am paraphrasing you.
- 9 Ms. Kanwit. No, that is accurate
- 10 Dr. Welch. Okay. Well, let's suppose those are there.
- I will, to you, lay out my credentials, my 33 years of
- 12 experience, my record in taking care of patients, my honors
- 13 and awards. I will lay that out.
- 14 United Health will not tell us the metrics upon which
- 15 we were judged nor will they share their data.
- 16 The importance of the data is there are mistakes in
- 17 here--bad providers.
- By the way, that dead dermatologist was excellent five
- 19 or six years.
- Participant. That is a good note.
- Dr. Welch. They make mistakes, but we are not allowed
- 22 to evaluate the data.
- I am confident that my quality and my skills would
- 24 equal any dermatologist practicing in New England. I
- 25 challenge you to show otherwise, publically, in any court

- 1 you want--basketball, tennis, court of law. Prove it.
- 2 Okay?
- 3 Put your money up. Prove it.
- 4 Otherwise, what you have done is you have taken a
- 5 doctor who is devoted his career to caring for his patients
- 6 and managing skin cancer away from those patients and said,
- 7 go find another doctor.
- 8 We are not widgets. We are not interchangeable parts.
- 9 Some of us specialize in one thing. Some of us are
- 10 interested in another. There are reasons that the doctors
- 11 in Yale dermatology, by the way--who, I believe, were all
- 12 terminated -- are ranked among the highest in the world.
- Forgive me. I told my wife I would not get passionate.
- 14 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you, Dr. Welch.
- Dr. Welch You are welcome, sir.
- 16 Senator Blumenthal. Just for the record, because Ms.
- 17 Stein mentioned it, I want to say United Health Group is, in
- 18 fact, the largest Medicare Advantage provider, at least in
- 19 Connecticut, with 43 percent, as I mentioned earlier-
- 20 61,000. The next largest is Emblem Health, which has 32
- 21 percent and 45,000. The next largest are Aetna with 16
- 22 percent; WellCare Health Plans, 5 percent; WellPoint, 4
- 23 percent.
- 24 So United Health Group is not just a small outlier. It
- 25 is the major provider in Connecticut, and my guess is a

- 1 major provider in those other states where similar kinds of
- 2 opaque and abrupt actions have been taken.
- 3 Dr. Saffir, did you have something?
- 4 Dr. Saffir. You mentioned Emblem Health, and so I had
- 5 the opportunity to get together with some of my colleagues
- 6 in New York. And I am sure Senator Schumer was also paying
- 7 attention to this, but Emblem Health had also considered
- 8 doing some network changes. But, given the reaction and
- 9 the, I guess, sloppy nature that United incurred, they
- 10 decided to back off.
- It, again, leads me to believe that it was profit-based
- 12 because if it was for the good of the patients and they
- 13 backed off, then that is a sad mistake, but I think that
- 14 they realized this opportunity to make their networks more
- 15 profitable was not the time to be taken now.
- And I think the example that United, as the large payer
- 17 that it is needs to be the example that we look at how we
- 18 do this better. I think that is a clear example.
- 19 I also say the regular Medicare program, for the amount
- 20 of services it delivers, has been shown to be one of the
- 21 most efficient in terms of the net medical loss ratio costs.
- 22 What it provides versus its overhead expenses--what the
- 23 CEOs, what the administrators, what everybody else gets--are
- 24 not exorbitant in the regular Medicare system compared to
- 25 what the salaries might be for some of the for-profit health

- 1 plans.
- 2 Ms. Stein. Yes, I think that is one of the things I
- 3 would like to have. I keep being frustrated that people are
- 4 not being told, at least in Connecticut, you can get back to
- 5 traditional Medicare and see your physicians -- speaking to
- 6 your constituent.
- 7 It is extraordinarily important for them to know that.
- 8 Unfortunately, the way this system is stacked towards
- 9 MA now, towards private Medicare, it means they have to pick
- 10 up a Medigap plan, and in many states they cannot do that.
- 11 In Connecticut, happily, we have extra protections, but it
- 12 is expensive.
- 13 And that is part of the reason that we need to look at
- 14 how can we level the playing field and then let the private
- 15 market in if it can play according to the same rules.
- But do let people know that they can go back to
- 17 traditional Medicare, and in Connecticut they can get, if
- 18 they need, a Medigap plan.
- 19 Senator Blumenthal. And I will just tell you that my
- 20 office has been dealing with tens, if not hundreds, of
- 21 inquiries, trying to direct them in ways that can reassure
- 22 them and restore the health care that they feel they need
- 23 and deserve.
- And the kind of practical work that you are doing with
- 25 your clients, I think, has been enormously valuable as well.

- 1 Professor?
- 2 Mr. Biles. Senator, I was just going to comment.
- 3 Generally, as we have said, this is a national issue, and it
- 4 is one that is likely to increase.
- I think a point that has just been made is that the
- 6 five major plans--United, Kaiser, Humana, Blue Cross,
- 7 WellPoint and Aetna--have more than 60 percent of the
- 8 enrollees nationwide. So here we see a giant, out-of-state
- 9 insurer, but that is not unique. That is the pattern
- 10 primarily across the country.
- 11 So the lessons from here are not just for Connecticut
- 12 but for the Nation.
- 13 And I think then back to the three points that Senator
- 14 Whitehouse made; I think the advance notice by September
- 15 30th would make a big difference and particularly if the
- 16 plans then interacted with their physicians earlier than
- 17 that.
- 18 They will complain they do not get their rates until
- 19 September, but to use that an excuse not to make this sort
- 20 of information available to beneficiaries during the self-
- 21 enrollment period, I think, is wrong.
- Secondly, CMS has never done very much in this
- 23 physician network adequacy area.
- 24 And, again, to some extent, when they are overpaid by--
- 25 Senator Blumenthal. And CMS--just for the record and

- 1 for the understanding of everybody who is listening today,
- 2 CMS actually has a legal responsibility in that area, does
- 3 it not?
- 4 Mr. Biles. Yes, but this is not an area, I think it is
- 5 fair to say, particularly since these very substantial extra
- 6 overpayments beginning in 2006 that really focused in this
- 7 area.
- But, again, as the payments ratchet down, this does
- 9 become an area in which the individuals at CMS would need to
- 10 create a whole new team and people to manage that.
- 11 And then I think the third area is this whole risk
- 12 adjustment and gaming, and I do think, on one hand, Medicare
- 13 Advantage has the best risk adjustment system in the
- 14 country. On the other hand, it requires plans to submit
- 15 data, and you would guess that plans have resisted
- 16 submitting more and more data. So I think that is a third
- 17 area in which your kind of comments about CMS's diligence is
- 18 probably appropriate.
- 19 Ms. Kanwit. You know, MA plans, to the professor's
- 20 comments, really want to make their beneficiaries happy.
- They want to do a good job. They want to follow CMS
- 22 regulations. I do not know why they would resist producing
- 23 data to CMS.
- We, at AHIP, just for example, Senator, have a really
- 25 good working relationship with CMS. We talk to them all the

- 1 time about issues related to this.
- 2 They provide incredibly detailed oversight. They just
- 3 proposed, actually just last week, additional rules in the
- 4 Part C Medicare Advantage space. So they are looking at
- 5 this with a fine-tooth comb.
- 6 I think the regulation is particularly adequate and
- 7 what we are discussing here today is how to move the
- 8 American health care system, Senator Whitehouse said, into
- 9 the 21st Century and couple cost efficiency and get the
- 10 quality.
- One final point to the professor's comments--the real
- 12 issue here is how many choices have, and it does not make
- 13 any difference how big a particular plan or how small a
- 14 particular plan is in the Medicare Advantage space, say, in
- 15 Connecticut.
- 16 What really counts is consumer choices. There are 12
- 17 different MA carriers, MA plans, in Connecticut. And, as I
- 18 mentioned, each of those plans have different permutations
- 19 of those plans. You can have an HMO plan, a PPO plan,
- 20 within MA.
- So consumers have a lot of different MA choices.
- 22 Senator Blumenthal. Well, consumer choice is an
- 23 extraordinarily valuable feature until there is bait and
- 24 switch, and then consumers may choose but may find that
- 25 their choices put them in a position they had not expected.

- 1 And I think there has been some of that here. Bait and
- 2 switch is a fair way to characterize what the effect has
- 3 been.
- In addition to egregiously deficient notice, I think
- 5 there has been fairly common agreement -- I do not want to
- 6 speak for everyone--that the notice here left a lot to be
- 7 desired.
- But remember, after patients were notified, they were
- 9 also told that their physicians could appeal, and so they
- 10 might remain in the network anyway. And they had a deadline
- 11 to make decisions.
- 12 So nobody can forgive them for being more than a little
- 13 bit confused and anxious about the choices that they had
- 14 under this system because they had no idea what the
- 15 consequences of choices would be in addition to the
- 16 complexity of the system.
- 17 All of the permutations, you know, are a little bit
- 18 like--I do not want to impugn another industry, but we all
- 19 know the fine print that can often make choices more
- 20 confusing or misleading or even deceptive.
- So I think that this hearing has been enormously
- 22 valuable, as Senator Whitehouse said, and your testimony
- 23 will be a part of the record.
- I want to make sure that we get into the record Mr.
- 25 Buccieri's testimony as to his own experience, which he

- 1 articulated so well in the brief public event we had before
- 2 this one, and I want to make sure that my colleagues can
- 3 have the benefit of being able to read it.
- 4 So I am going to close this part of the hearing at this
- 5 point.
- You have been very, very helpful and cooperative.
- 7 As long a journey as the Senators may think they had,
- 8 some of you have come from much longer distances, and we
- 9 truly appreciate it, including Rhode Island, Dr. Welch. And
- 10 thank you very much for being here today.
- 11 And, if you want to add anything to your statement, we
- 12 are going to keep the record open for a week so that you can
- 13 feel free to submit anything else in writing that you would
- 14 like to do, and we will make that part of the record also,
- 15 without any objection.
- 16 So thank you very much.
- 17 Ms. Kanwit. Thank you very much.
- 18 Ms. Stein. Thank you, Senator.
- 19 Senator Blumenthal. We will hear now from Mr. Buccieri
- 20 if he is agreeable to doing so.
- [Pause.]
- 22 Senator Blumenthal. By the way, while you are
- 23 switching, I want to give a particular thanks to the staff
- 24 of the Committee on Aging, who has been so helpful and
- 25 cooperative.

- And I also want to thank my staff for their excellent 1
- 2 work. Rich and Laurel are here today. I think many of you
- 3 have spoken to them and others on my staff who have been so
- helpful.
- 5 [Pause.]
- Senator Blumenthal. Mr. Buccieri, I want to again
- thank you for being here today. Both your bravery and your 7
- eloquence are very much appreciated not only by myself but 8
- the Committee as a whole, and I want to really thank you 9
- for, again, sharing your story as you have with my staff and 10
- the public and just allow you to briefly summarize your 11
- experience with the Medicare Advantage plan in which you 12 2AM (PANSCRIPT)

- 1 STATEMENT OF ROBERT BUCCIERI, MEDICARE BENEFICIARY
- 2 Mr. Buccieri. Thank you for the opportunity.
- 3 My name is Robert Buccieri, B-u-c-c-i-e-r-i. I have
- 4 been on United Healthcare Medicare Advantage plan for almost
- 5 two years, and I think that they have done--thus far, it has
- 6 been a great policy up until the fall when I started
- 7 receiving one letter after another letter after another
- 8 letter of cancellations--my nephrologist/ the doctors at
- 9 Yale Transplant, one by one, the medical group they belong
- 10 to, as well as the dialysis center in Norwalk.
- 11 It has been an emotional rollercoaster, dealing with
- 12 this, and I thank you and your staff for helping me along
- 13 the way. We are not done, but I think we are making
- 14 progress.
- 15 And I just wish that United Healthcare, even with their
- 16 responses, was more definite instead of vague. In one
- 17 letter I just got yesterday, it said I could see my doctor
- 18 for 25 minutes from like a 4-month period. I do not even
- 19 understand what that means.
- And it is things like that.
- With the dialysis, even it is so many visits, but it is
- 22 just difficult because even if I see my doctor and they give
- 23 you a 90-day window, if it is not resolved in another 90
- 24 days, I have to do it all over again. And who knows what is
- 25 going to happen at that point.

- [The prepared statement of Mr. Buccieri follows:] 1
- 2 / COMMITTEE INSERT

PANT RANSCRIPT NOT TO BE QUOTED

- 1 Senator Blumenthal. I gather there was some emergency
- 2 condition that required you to seek treatment immediately.
- 3 Mr. Buccieri. Yes. Well, my doctors have been very
- 4 good at stabilizing, but progression is very slow, and right
- 5 now I am in stage five kidney disease, which I guess is
- 6 called end-stage renal disease. And I am on the transplant
- 7 list that, you know, they have in the hospital
- 8 And even just maybe a week ago I received a phone call
- 9 from United Healthcare saying that maybe I could go to
- 10 Boston or maybe I could go to New York. Who wants to go to
- 11 New York or Boston when you have one of the best hospitals
- 12 in the State of Connecticut?
- 13 It is just things like that.
- 14 Senator Blumenthal. So these network changes have
- 15 real-life practical consequences for your treatment--where
- 16 it is done, by whom and so forth.
- 17 Mr. Buccieri. Absolutely.
- 18 Senator Blumenthal. And has Yale been helpful and
- 19 cooperative--Yale-New Haven?
- Mr. Buccieri. They have, and you know, people have
- 21 been very good about helping, even the reps I have at my
- 22 health care, but obviously, they are very limited to what
- 23 they can do or what they can say. And I have asked for them
- 24 to get things in writing, but even with that, it has not
- 25 come through.

- 1 Senator Blumenthal. Have you sought to contact United
- 2 Healthcare?
- 3 Mr. Buccieri. On many occasions. As I said, I guess
- 4 my nurse liaison or nurse case manager for my health care is
- 5 very good, and she has been calling the dialysis center
- 6 because at one point she said that they signed a national
- 7 contract.
- 8 But my problem was--or my question was my nephrologist
- 9 is the medical director of the dialysis unit. I said, how
- 10 is that going to affect, or is that going to affect, the
- 11 situation?
- 12 And she was unsure, and she called back and said that
- 13 some are changing the doctors and using a different
- 14 nephrologist.
- But I have been with this doctor for, I guess, two
- 16 years, and I have a very good rapport with him, and I want
- 17 to continue that. I do not really want to start a new
- 18 doctor.
- 19 And when they asked me that maybe I could go to New
- 20 York or Boston, I said that is a possibility, but then you
- 21 begin again at the bottom of the list, and here we go, you
- 22 know, waiting another couple of years or who knows how long.
- 23 Senator Blumenthal. You begin at the bottom of the
- 24 list in terms of eligibility for the transplant.
- 25 Mr. Buccieri. Yes.

- 1 Senator Blumenthal. And you begin with a new doctor
- 2 whom you do not know, and you have to go to a place that is
- 3 distant from where you live
- 4 Mr. Buccieri. Yes.
- 5 Senator Blumenthal. And all of those factors make it
- 6 very, very difficult and different to receive health care
- 7 under those terms.
- 8 Mr. Buccieri. That is true.
- 9 Senator Blumenthal. Is there anything else that you
- 10 would like to add?
- I know that my staff has been very much engaged in
- 12 seeking to help you, and we appreciate your cooperation in
- 13 that effort, too.
- Mr. Buccieri. I appreciate the help, and your staff
- 15 has been very helpful--Grady, in particular.
- But I think the main thing--obviously, I would like to
- 17 get the whole thing solved and get my doctor back, but if in
- 18 fact they cannot, I would like to get some sort of
- 19 notification in writing saying what I can do because even if
- 20 they say I can see my doctor, how do I go to the doctor and
- 21 tell them that I want to see someone out of network, but do
- 22 not worry; they are going to get paid for it?
- 23 You know, I think it is going to be very difficult.
- Senator Blumenthal. Well, thank you again for being
- 25 here.

- 1 Grady Keefe of my office and I are going to continue
- 2 working with you and fighting for you.
- And, again, we are very, very grateful—the whole
- 4 Committee is--for your attendance today and your
- 5 participation. Thank you so much.
- 6 Mr. Buccieri. Thank you for this opportunity and the
- 7 help you have provided.
- 8 Senator Blumenthal. Thank you.
- 9 I am going to close the hearing.
- 10 As I mentioned earlier, the record will stay open for
- 11 one week in case any Committee members have questions for
- 12 the witnesses or if the witnesses have additional
- 13 submissions.
- And so, with that, this hearing is adjourned. Thank
- 15 you.
- [Whereupon, at 3:47 p.m., the Committee was adjourned.]